










Timeline / Before 1800 to After 1930 / QATAR

Date	Country	Theme
1893	Qatar	Political Context
	The Battle of al-Wajba is a victory for Sheikh Jassim and Qatar. This represents a decisive moment in the nation's history, asserting Qatar's independence from direct Ottoman interference.	
1914	Qatar	Economy And Trade
	Sheikh Abdullah bin Jassim regulates the activity of pearling. He issued and publishes the first written document on pearling activities identifying the start and the end dates of the season and the dividend rates of workers in pearling dhows.	
1915	Qatar	Political Context
	The Ottomans suddenly abandon Doha, leaving behind guns, shells and ammunition.	
1916	Qatar	Political Context
	Treaty with the UK. This recognises Sheikh Abdullah bin Jassim as the ruler of Qatar, and places the sheikhdom under British maritime protection.	
1925	Qatar	Economy And Trade
	Sanat al-Tabaa: the year in which a relentless storm hits Qatar and the Gulf region, destroying many of the pearling and fishing fleets and killing more than 8,000 people.	
1932	Qatar	Economy And Trade
	Sheikh Abdullah bin Jassim grants the Anglo-Persian Oil Company a two-year exploration licence in Qatar.	
1938	Qatar	Cities And Urban Spaces

Date	Country	Theme
		Sheikh Abdullah bin Jassim builds the famous Al Zubarah Fort, in the town of Al Zubarah to protect the northern border.
1940	Qatar	Economy And Trade
		Dukhan, Qatar, Oil Well No. 1 completed at a depth of 1,733 m, producing around 4,480 barrels of oil per day.
1943	Qatar	Reforms And Social Changes
		Sheikh Abdullah bin Jassim starts to make plans to build the first hospital, in al-Jasra Qatar, which will be opened in 1947. During 1943, Sheikh Abdullah establishes some of the first modern schools in Qatar.